



PPH326 PODS[®] Human FGF-19

Description

The product contains the polyhedrin protein co-crystallized with Human FGF-19. Fibroblast Growth Factor 19 promotes proliferation and differentiation of cells. The FGF family of growth factors act on cells of mesodermal and neuroectodermal origin to regulate diverse physiologic functions including angiogenesis, cell growth, pattern formation, embryonic development, metabolic regulation, cell migration, neurotrophic effects and tissue repair.

Length	237 aa
Molecular Weight	26.6 kDa
Source	<i>Spodoptera frugiperda (Sf9) cell culture</i>
Accession Number	O95750

Usage Recommendation

PODS[®] are pure protein co-crystals consisting of polyhedrin, a structural scaffold protein, and a cargo protein. Under the action of proteases, which degrade the scaffold protein, PODS provide sustained release of the cargo protein. Any cargo growth factor molecule contained within PODS is not available to cells and not bioactive. Once released, growth factors become available to bind cells and are bioactive. The concentration to which a growth factor accumulates in cell culture media (or in-vivo environment) will depend on the amount of cargo (contained in PODS) added, the rate of cargo release, and the subsequent rate of degradation of the released cargo protein. As a rule of thumb, in the presence of 10% serum, peak levels of available growth factors released from PODS are reached within 24-48 hours. Typically, at this point 20% of the growth factor cargo initially contained within the PODS is present in a soluble form and available to bind cells. For example, if PODS containing 100 ng of cargo are added to 10 ml of cell culture media containing 10% serum, it can be expected that 20 ng will be released after 24 hours to give a concentration of available growth factor of 2 ng/ml. The concentration that you need for a particular application will likely be lower than the equivalent conventional growth factor. This is because PODS are better at maintaining minimum growth factor concentrations. Pre-incubating PODS with serum for 24 hours prior to culture will ensure that available growth factor is immediately present. Ultimately, the amount of PODS growth factor that is optimal for a particular experiment should be optimized empirically.

Specifications

Alternative Names Fibroblast Growth Factor 19, FGF19, FGF 19

Endotoxin Level <0.06 EU/ml as measured by gel clot LAL assay

Formulation PODS® were lyophilized from a volatile solution

AA Sequence

MADVAGTSNR DFRGREQRLF NSEQYNNNS KNSRPSTSLY KKAGFLAFSD AGPHVHYGWG
DPIRLRHLYT SGPHGLSSCF LRIRADGVVD CARGQSAHSL LEIKAVALRT VAIKGVHSVR
YLCMGADGKM QGLLQYSEED CAFEEEEIRPD GYNVYRSEKH RLPVSLSSAK QRQLYKNRGF
LPLSHFLPML PMVPEEPEDL RGHLESDMFS SPLETDSMDP FGLVTGLEAV RSPSFEK

Preparation and Storage

Reconstitution

Ensure the PODS® are resuspended in buffer by pipetting up and down immediately before aliquoting. PODS® may be reconstituted at 100 ug/ml in water. 20% glucose has a buoyant density closer to PODS® and can be useful for slowing sedimentation when aliquoting. PODS® are highly stable when stored in aqueous solution (pH range 6 - 8).

Stability and Storage

Upon receipt, store at 4°C. PODS® are stable for at least 1 year when dry and 6 months when resuspended.

Last updated on 02/08/2024. For further information mail tech@cellgs.com.